

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 07]

[Total No. of Pages : 02

Paper ID [B0207]

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BCA (Sem. - 2nd)**MATHEMATICS - I (Discrete Maths) (BC - 203)****Time : 03 Hours****Maximum Marks : 60****Instruction to Candidates:**

- 1) Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section - B.

Section - A**Q1)****(10 × 2 = 20)**

- a) Draw a line diagram for the sets ϕ , X (universal set), A, B, A-B and B-A.
- b) Define one-one and onto functions.
- c) Show that for any two sets A & B, $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$.
- d) Using principle of mathematical Induction, Prove that
$$1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + (2n-1) = n^2.$$
- e) Construct a truth table for $p \vee q$.
- f) Solve the recurence relation $S(k+2) - 6S(k+1) + 9S(k) = 0$
- g) What do you mean by source & Sink.
- h) Give two properties of binary tree.
- i) In how many ways can 3 persons be chosen out of 5 persons without repetition.
- j) Define equivalence relation.

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Section - B

(4 × 10 = 40)

- Q2)** (a) Prove that the empty set ϕ is a subset of every set.
 (b) If R and S are transitive relations on a set A then prove that $R \cap S$ is also a transitive relation.

- Q3)** (a) Show that $(p \wedge q) \wedge \sim (p \wedge q)$ is a fallacy.
 (b) Solve the recurrence relation $S(k) - 7S(k-1) + 10S(k-2) = 6 + 8k$
 Where $S(0) = 1, S(1) = 2$.

- Q4)** (a) Find the number of combinations that can be obtained from the letters of the word "COMMERCE" taken 4 at a time.
 (b) There are five different doors to a hole. In how many ways a rat can go in & come out of the hole, if in coming out, that rat chooses
 (i) any of the doors.
 (ii) the door in which it went in.

- Q5)** (a) Prove that there does not exist a graph with five vertices of degrees 1, 3, 4, 2, 3 respectively.
 (b) Prove that a graph which contains a triangle cannot be bipartite.

- Q6)** (a) Show that the function
 $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by $f(x) = \cos x$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$ is neither one-to-one nor onto.
 (b) Show that there is one and only one path between every pair of vertices in a tree, T.

- Q7)** (a) Determine the sequence whose generating function is

$$G(s, z) = \frac{3 - 5z}{1 - 2z - 3z^2}.$$

- (b) Prove by mathematical Induction that

$$\frac{1}{3 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 9} + \dots + \frac{1}{(2n+1)(2n+3)} = \frac{n}{3(2n+3)}.$$

